

**Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

**Listing of Claims:**

1. (Previously Presented) A method for management of a distributed data processing system, the method comprising:

associating a set of logical networks in the distributed data processing system and/or a set of physical networks in the distributed data processing system with an anchor object, wherein different physical networks within the distributed data processing system may support duplicate network addresses;

managing a set of anchor objects, wherein each anchor object has an anchorname which is a root name within a hierarchical naming space that represents a hierarchical logical network, wherein each anchorname is a unique name within the distributed data processing system, and wherein usage of an anchorname in combination with subnet information for a logical network supports unique addressing within a logical network;

uniquely associating each anchor object in a set of anchor objects with a customer in a set of customers, wherein the distributed data processing system is managed on behalf of a plurality of customers;

generating a topology map that includes a plurality of anchor objects; and  
displaying the topology map.

2. (Canceled).

3. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1 further comprising:

editing the topology map by creating topology elements including relations to other topology elements which may include anchor objects.

4. (Original) The method of claim 3 further comprising:  
creating a user-defined topology element container.

5. (Original) The method of claim 3 further comprising:  
creating relations between the user-defined topology element container and other containers.

6. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising:  
receiving a customer-defined topology comprising customer-defined topology elements.
7. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 6: wherein the customer-defined topology elements are containers containing other elements.
8. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 6 further comprising:  
receiving a customer-defined anchorname name to be collectively associated with elements within the anchor object.
9. (Original) The method of claim 8 further comprising:  
discovering customization resources to be associated with elements of the customer-defined topology.
10. (Original) The method of claim 9 further comprising:  
determining a customization resource based on an association between an identity of a user and a customer-defined topology element.
11. (Canceled).
12. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising:  
simultaneously displaying a plurality of anchor objects.
13. (Canceled).
14. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising:  
providing a selection mechanism whereby a user may select a displayed object; and  
displaying detailed information for a selected object.
15. (Original) The method of claim 14 further comprising:  
determining whether a user has authorized access to the detailed information for the selected object; and  
restricting a display operation for the detailed information for the selected object to data items in the detail information for which the user has authorized access.

16. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein the anchor object is a container object, further comprising:

retrieving an alternative graphic object for representing the selected object; and displaying the alternative graphic object.

17. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 1 further comprising:

allowing an administrative user to select a display view of the topology map, wherein [[a]] the display view of the topology map comprises a hierarchical tree view of all objects discovered by a user-specified distributed discovery controller.

18. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising:

representing the distributed data processing system as a set of scopes, wherein a scope comprises a logical organization of network-related objects;

associating each scope with a customer, wherein each scope is uniquely assigned to a management customer;

managing the distributed data processing system as a set of logical networks, wherein a logical network comprises a set of scopes, and wherein each logical network is uniquely assigned to a customer.

19. (Original) The method of claim 1 further comprising:

dynamically discovering endpoints, systems, and networks within the distributed data processing system;

correspondingly representing endpoints, systems, and networks within the distributed data processing system as a set of endpoint objects, system objects, and network objects; and

logically organizing the endpoint objects, system objects, and network objects within a set of scopes, wherein each endpoint object, each system object, and each network object is uniquely assigned to a scope such that scopes do not logically overlap.

20. (Previously Presented) A method for management of a distributed data processing system, the method comprising:

associating a set of logical networks in the distributed data processing system and/or a set of physical networks in the distributed data processing system with an anchor object, wherein different physical networks within the distributed data processing system may support duplicate network addresses;

managing a set of anchor objects, wherein each anchor object has an anchorname which is a root name within a hierarchical naming space that represents a hierarchical logical network, wherein each anchorname is a unique name within the distributed data processing system, and wherein usage of an anchorname in combination with subnet information for a logical network supports unique addressing within a logical network;

uniquely associating each anchor object in a set of anchor objects with a customer in a set of customers, wherein the distributed data processing system is managed on behalf of a plurality of customers;

creating a customer-defined topology;

associating the customer-defined topology with a topology derived from a physical network to form a combined topology map;

associating customization resources with elements within the combined topology map; and displaying the combined topology map.

21. (Original) The method of claim 20 further comprising:

requesting a network management operation based on the combined topology map.

22. (Previously Presented) A method for management of a distributed data processing system, wherein the distributed data processing system is managed on behalf of a plurality of management customers, the method comprising:

representing the distributed data processing system as a set of scopes, wherein a scope comprises a user-defined logical organization of network-related objects, wherein different scopes within the distributed data processing system may support duplicate network addresses;

associating each scope with an anchor object, wherein an anchor object is uniquely assigned to a management customer;

managing a set of anchor objects, wherein each anchor object has an anchorname which is a root name within a hierarchical naming space that represents a hierarchical logical network, wherein each anchorname is a unique name within the distributed data processing system, and wherein usage of an anchorname in combination with subnet information for a logical network supports unique addressing within a logical network;

generating a topology map,; and

allowing an administrative user to select a display view of the topology map.

23. (Original) The method of claim 22 wherein a display view of the topology map comprises a hierarchical tree view of all objects discovered by a user-specified distributed discovery controller.

24. (Original) The method of claim 22 wherein a display view of the topology map comprises a hierarchical tree view of all objects discovered by a plurality of distributed discovery controllers.

25. (Original) The method of claim 22 wherein a display view of the topology map comprises a hierarchical tree view of all objects discovered by all distributed discovery controllers for which a user has authorized access.

26. (Previously Presented) An apparatus for managing a distributed data processing system, the apparatus comprising:

means for associating a set of logical networks in the distributed data processing system and/or a set of physical networks in the distributed data processing system with an anchor object, wherein different physical networks within the distributed data processing system may support duplicate network addresses;

means for managing a set of anchor objects, wherein each anchor object has an anchorname which is a root name within a hierarchical naming space that represents a hierarchical logical network, wherein each anchorname is a unique name within the distributed data processing system, and wherein usage of an anchorname in combination with subnet information for a logical network supports unique addressing within a logical network;

means for uniquely associating each anchor object in a set of anchor objects with a customer in a set of customers, wherein the distributed data processing system is managed on behalf of a plurality of customers;

means for generating a topology map that includes a plurality of anchor objects; and

means for displaying the topology map.

27. (Canceled).

28. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 26 further comprising:

means for editing the topology map by creating topology elements including relations to other topology elements which may include anchor objects.

29. (Original) The apparatus of claim 28 further comprising:  
means for creating a user-defined topology element container.
30. (Original) The apparatus of claim 28 further comprising:  
means for creating relations between the user-defined topology element container and other containers.
31. (Original) The apparatus of claim 26 further comprising:  
means for receiving a customer-defined topology comprising customer-defined topology elements.
32. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 31 wherein the customer-defined topology elements are containers containing other elements.
33. (Previously Presented) The apparatus of claim 31 further comprising:  
means for receiving a customer-defined name to be collectively associated with elements within the anchor object.
34. (Original) The apparatus of claim 33 further comprising:  
means for discovering customization resources to be associated with elements of the customer-defined topology.
35. (Original) The apparatus of claim 34 further comprising:  
means for determining a customization resource based on an association between an identity of a user and a customer-defined topology element.
36. (Canceled).
37. (Original) The apparatus of claim 26 further comprising:  
means for simultaneously displaying a plurality of anchor objects.
38. (Canceled).

39. (Original) The apparatus of claim 26 further comprising:  
means for providing a selection mechanism whereby a user may select a displayed object; and  
means for displaying detailed information for a selected object.

40. (Original) The apparatus of claim 39 further comprising:  
means for determining whether a user has authorized access to the detailed information for the selected object; and  
means for restricting a display operation for the detailed information for the selected object to data items in the detail information for which the user has authorized access.

41. (Original) The apparatus of claim 39, wherein the anchor object is a container object, further comprising:  
means for retrieving an alternative graphic object for representing the selected object; and  
means for displaying the alternative graphic object.

42. (Original) The apparatus of claim 26 further comprising:  
means for allowing an administrative user to select a display view of the topology map, wherein a display view of the topology map comprises a hierarchical tree view of all objects discovered by a user-specified distributed discovery controller.

43. (Original) The apparatus of claim 26 further comprising:  
means for representing the distributed data processing system as a set of scopes, wherein a scope comprises a logical organization of network-related objects;  
means for associating each scope with a customer, wherein each scope is uniquely assigned to a management customer;  
means for managing the distributed data processing system as a set of logical networks, wherein a logical network comprises a set of scopes, and wherein each logical network is uniquely assigned to a customer.

44. (Original) The apparatus of claim 26 further comprising:  
means for dynamically discovering endpoints, systems, and networks within the distributed data processing system;  
correspondingly representing endpoints, systems, and networks within the distributed data processing system as a set of endpoint objects, system objects, and network objects; and

means for logically organizing the endpoint objects, system objects, and network objects within a set of scopes, wherein each endpoint object, each system object, and each network object is uniquely assigned to a scope such that scopes do not logically overlap.

45. (Previously Presented) An apparatus for management of a distributed data processing system, the apparatus comprising:

means for associating a set of logical networks in the distributed data processing system and/or a set of physical networks in the distributed data processing system with an anchor object, wherein different physical networks within the distributed data processing system may support duplicate network addresses;

means for managing a set of anchor objects, wherein each anchor object has an anchorname which is a root name within a hierarchical naming space that represents a hierarchical logical network, wherein each anchorname is a unique name within the distributed data processing system, and wherein usage of an anchorname in combination with subnet information for a logical network supports unique addressing within a logical network;

means for uniquely associating each anchor object in a set of anchor objects with a customer in a set of customers, wherein the distributed data processing system is managed on behalf of a plurality of customers;

means for creating a customer-defined topology;

means for associating the customer-defined topology with a topology derived from a physical network to form a combined topology map;

means for associating customization resources with elements within the combined topology map; and

means for displaying the combined topology map.

46. (Original) The apparatus of claim 45 further comprising:

means for requesting a network management operation based on the combined topology map.

47. (Previously Presented) An apparatus for management of a distributed data processing system, wherein the distributed data processing system is managed on behalf of a plurality of management customers, the apparatus comprising:

means for representing the distributed data processing system as a set of scopes, wherein a scope comprises a user-defined logical organization of network-related objects, wherein different scopes within the distributed data processing system may support duplicate network addresses;

means for associating each scope with an anchor object, wherein an anchor object is uniquely assigned to a management customer;

means for managing a set of anchor objects, wherein each anchor object has an anchorname which is a root name within a hierarchical naming space that represents a hierarchical logical network, wherein each anchorname is a unique name within the distributed data processing system, and wherein usage of an anchorname in combination with subnet information for a logical network supports unique addressing within a logical network;

means for generating a topology map,; and

means for allowing an administrative user to select a display view of the topology map.

48. (Original) The apparatus of claim 47 wherein a display view of the topology map comprises a hierarchical tree view of all objects discovered by a user-specified distributed discovery controller.

49. (Original) The apparatus of claim 47 wherein a display view of the topology map comprises a hierarchical tree view of all objects discovered by a plurality of distributed discovery controllers.

50. (Original) The apparatus of claim 47 wherein a display view of the topology map comprises a hierarchical tree view of all objects discovered by all distributed discovery controllers for which a user has authorized access.

51. (Previously Presented) A computer program product on a computer readable medium for use in managing a distributed data processing system, the computer program product comprising:

instructions for associating a set of logical networks in the distributed data processing system and/or a set of physical networks in the distributed data processing system with an anchor object, wherein different physical networks within the distributed data processing system may support duplicate network addresses;

instructions for managing a set of anchor objects, wherein each anchor object has an anchorname which is a root name within a hierarchical naming space that represents a hierarchical logical network, wherein each anchorname is a unique name within the distributed data processing system, and wherein usage of an anchorname in combination with subnet information for a logical network supports unique addressing within a logical network;

instructions for uniquely associating each anchor object in a set of anchor objects with a customer in a set of customers, wherein the distributed data processing system is managed on behalf of a plurality of customers;

instructions for generating a topology map that includes a plurality of anchor objects,; and  
instructions for displaying the topology map.

52. (Canceled).

53. (Previously Presented) The computer program product of claim 51 further comprising:  
instructions for allowing an administrative user to select a display view of the topology map,  
wherein a display view of the topology map comprises a hierarchical tree view of all objects discovered  
by a user-specified distributed discovery controller.